

ALL ANALYSIS BASED ON DATA FROM HOUSEHOLDS. 12 OUT OF 12 DISTRICTS

School enrollment and out of school children

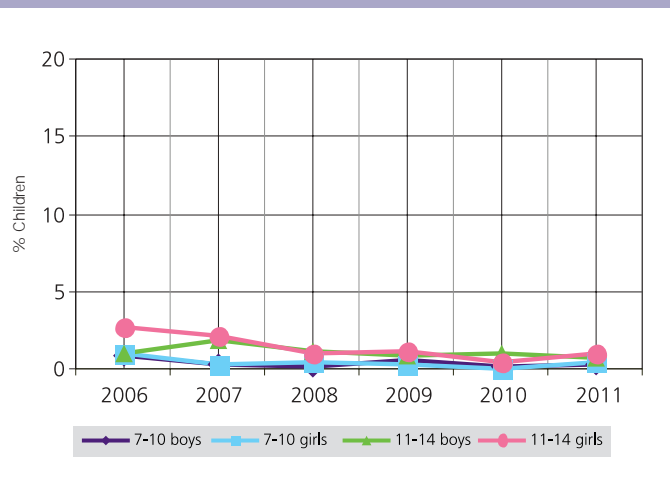
Table 1: % Children in different types of schools 2011

Age group	Govt.	Pvt.	Other	Not in School	Total
Age: 6-14 ALL	72.8	26.6	0.1	0.6	100
Age: 7-16 ALL	76.0	23.2	0.0	0.8	100
Age: 7-10 ALL	69.2	30.5	0.0	0.3	100
Age: 7-10 BOYS	64.7	34.9	0.1	0.3	100
Age: 7-10 GIRLS	74.7	24.9	0.0	0.4	100
Age: 11-14 ALL	79.2	20.0	0.1	0.8	100
Age: 11-14 BOYS	78.2	21.1	0.1	0.7	100
Age: 11-14 GIRLS	81.0	18.0	0.1	1.0	100
Age: 15-16 ALL	86.7	11.5	0.0	1.9	100
Age: 15-16 BOYS	85.7	13.0	0.0	1.4	100
Age: 15-16 GIRLS	88.7	8.8	0.0	2.5	100

Note: 'OTHER' includes children going to madarssa and EGS.
 'NOT IN SCHOOL' = dropped out + never enrolled.

Chart 1: Trends over time

% Children out of school by age group and gender 2006-2011



How to read this chart: For example, the proportion of girls (age 11-14) not in school has changed from 2.7% in 2006 to 2.2% in 2007 to 1% in 2008 to 1.1% in 2009 to 0.4% in 2010 to 1.0% in 2011

Chart 2: Trends over time
 % Children enrolled in private school by class 2007, 2009 & 2011

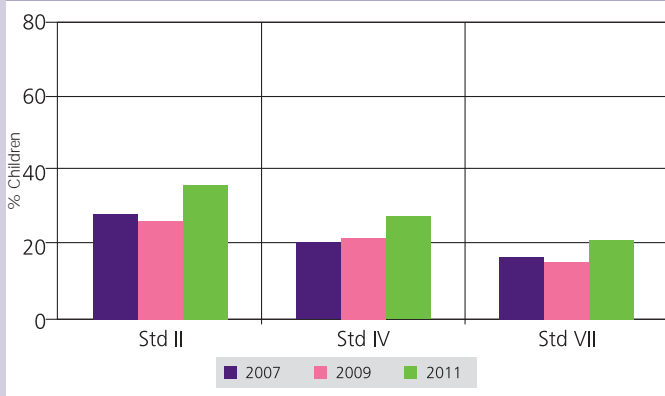


Table 2: Sample description

% Children in each class by age 2011

Std.	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	Total
I	39.0	52.7	6.2	2.2									100
II	2.5	25.3	53.7	15.7	2.8								100
III	1.7	21.8	59.5	14.2	2.8							100	
IV	2.2	23.5	54.6	15.7	4.1						100		
V	2.0	19.7	58.4	15.6	4.3					100			
VI	1.8	15.3	54.1	24.4	4.4				100				
VII	1.3	19.7	54.3	20.1	4.6			100					
VIII	3.1	19.1	45.7	24.9	7.1		100						

How to read this table: If a child started school in Std I at age 6, she should be age 8 in Std 3. This table shows the age distribution for each class. For example, in Std III, 59.5% children are 8 years old but there are also 21.8% who are 7, 14.2% who are 9 years old, etc.

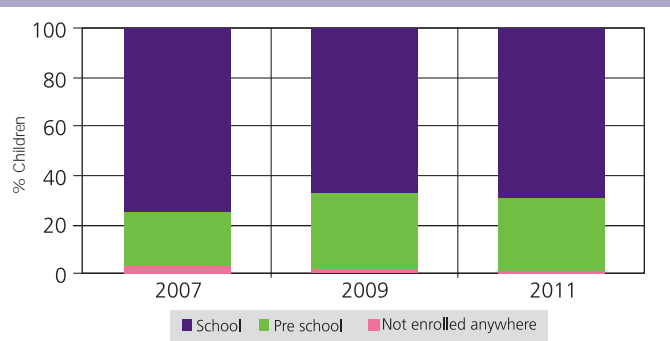
Young children in pre-school and school

Table 3: % Children age 5-6 who are enrolled in different types of pre-school & school 2011

	In balwadi or anganwadi	In LKG/UKG	In School			Not enrolled anywhere	Total
			Govt	Pvt	Other		
Age 5	14.4	15.8	32.6	36.4	0.0	0.8	100
Age 6	0.7	3.8	56.8	38.1	0.1	0.4	100

Chart 3: Trends over time

Five year olds in pre-school & school 2007, 2009 & 2011



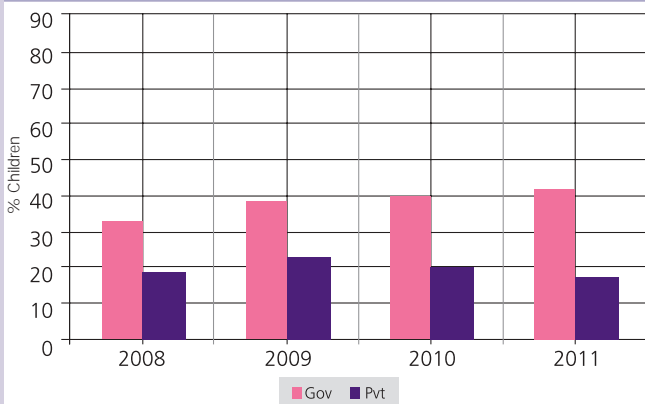
Reading

Table 4: % Children by class and READING level All schools 2011

Std.	Nothing	Letter	Word	Level 1 (Std 1 Text)	Level 2 (Std 2 Text)	Total
I	12.1	51.0	27.1	5.6	4.2	100
II	3.6	19.4	43.5	20.4	13.2	100
III	2.1	8.5	22.6	35.5	31.3	100
IV	1.1	4.7	8.0	30.2	56.0	100
V	0.2	2.0	5.7	18.2	73.9	100
VI	0.0	1.4	1.5	10.8	86.3	100
VII	0.5	0.4	1.2	6.5	91.5	100
VIII	0.1	0.4	0.4	3.4	95.8	100
Total	2.4	10.5	13.6	16.5	57.0	100

How to read this table: Each cell shows the highest level of reading achieved by a child. For example, in Std III, 2.1% children cannot even read letters, 8.5% can read letters but not more, 22.6% can read words but not Std 1 text or higher, 35.5% can read Std 1 text but not Std 2 level text, and 31.3% can read Std 2 level text. In sum, for each class, the total of all these exclusive categories is 100%.

Chart 4: Trends over time % Children in Std III who CANNOT READ Std I LEVEL TEXT By school type 2008-2011



Reading Tool

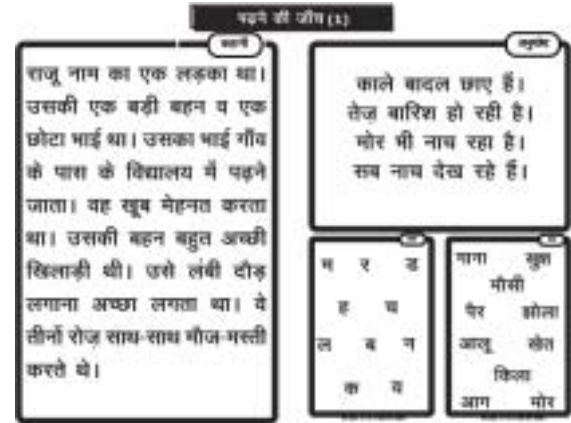
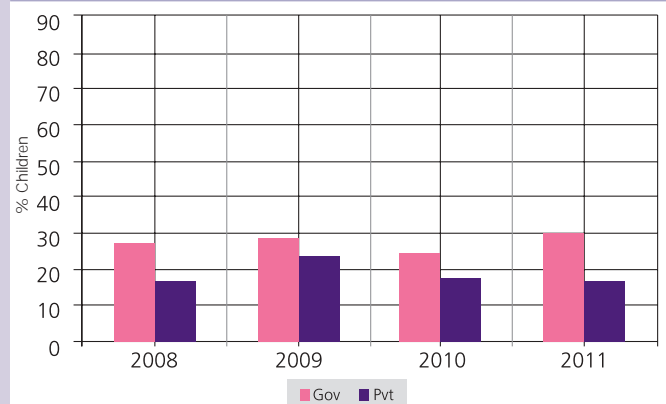


Chart 5: Trends over time % Children in Std V who CANNOT READ Std II LEVEL TEXT By school type 2008-2011



Home language and school language

Table 5: School language and home language

% Children whose :	%
Home language is the same as school language	11.4
Home language is different from school language	88.7
Total	100.0

Note : In ASER 2011 for every state, reading tools were provided in the main medium of instruction in government schools. Children and their families were also asked about the language they speak at home. For home languages, a list of 122 languages was provided to all survey teams. This list includes 22 Scheduled languages and 100 Non-Scheduled languages. The data in this table is for children for whom we have information for both school language and home language.



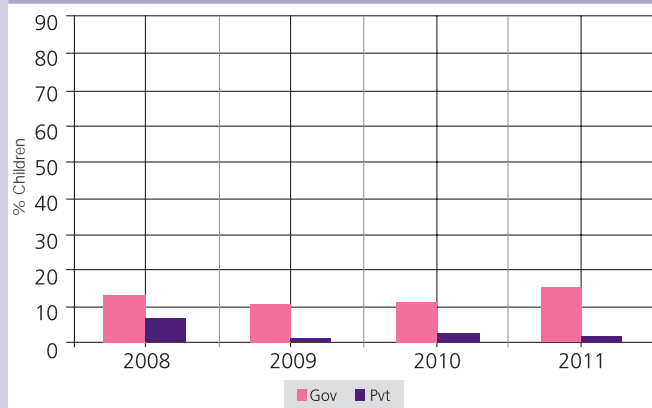
Arithmetic

Table 6: % Children by class and ARITHMETIC level All schools 2011

Std.	Nothing	Recognize Numbers		Subtract	Divide	Total
		1-9	11-99			
I	7.9	46.0	38.1	6.2	1.8	100
II	1.6	20.5	49.2	24.4	4.4	100
III	0.7	10.0	32.3	43.5	13.4	100
IV	0.6	5.2	14.4	44.0	35.8	100
V	0.3	2.0	9.5	28.4	59.8	100
VI	0.0	1.5	6.2	20.4	71.9	100
VII	0.4	0.3	7.0	13.9	78.4	100
VIII	0.5	0.4	3.3	15.7	80.1	100
Total	1.4	10.3	19.7	24.9	43.6	100

How to read this table: Each cell shows the highest level of arithmetic achieved by a child. For example, in Std III, 0.7% children cannot even recognize numbers 1-9, 10% children can recognize numbers up to 9 but not more, 32.3% can recognize numbers to 99 but cannot do subtraction, 43.5% can do subtraction but not division, and 13.4% can do division. In sum, for each class, the total of all these exclusive categories is 100%.

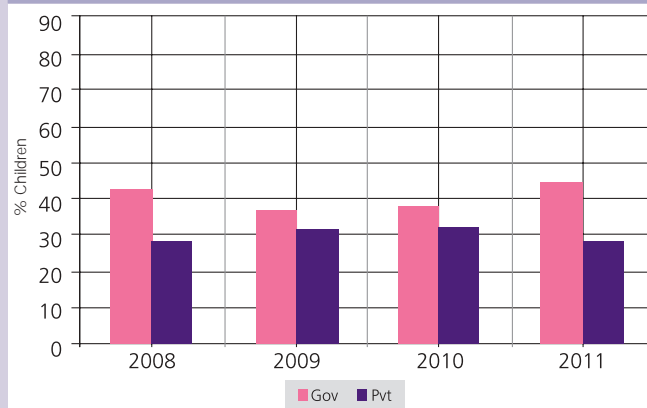
**Chart 6: Trends over time
 % Children in Std III who CANNOT RECOGNISE NUMBERS upto 100. By school type 2008-2011**



Math Tool



**Chart 7: Trends over time
 % Children in Std V who CANNOT DO DIVISION By school type 2008-2011**



Tuition

Table 7: Class-wise % children attending PAID TUITION CLASSES By school type 2007, 2009, 2010 and 2011

Year	School	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	Total
2007	Govt	1.4	2.0	3.4	3.6	4.6	4.1	6.3	8.0	4.2
	Pvt	10.9	12.5	14.4	20.7	12.8	30.1	22.6	23.1	17.1
2009	Govt	6.2	4.8	5.7	6.1	8.5	8.4	10.2	9.9	7.6
	Pvt	16.3	19.5	17.2	19.8	22.2	35.8	23.9	22.7	21.6
2010	Govt	1.6	5.5	3.7	3.3	8.5	7.1	5.8	7.5	5.6
	Pvt	16.4	15.2	23.3	18.9	22.4	19.3	27.7	22.3	20.1
2011	Govt	0.5	2.3	2.8	3.6	2.9	3.9	4.6	6.0	3.5
	Pvt	8.3	12.3	10.9	18.6	20.3	20.4	16.8	20.1	15.3

Note: In 2007, 2009, 2010 and 2011 the ASER survey recorded information about tuition. In all 4 years, the question asked was the following: "Does the child take any paid additional class currently?" Therefore, these numbers do not include any supplemental help in learning that children may have received from parents, siblings or from anyone else who did not require payment.



As part of ASER 2007, 2009, 2010 and 2011, in each sampled village, one government school with primary sections was visited on the day of the survey. Information about schools in this report is based on these visits.

School observations

Table 8: Total schools visited 2007, 2009, 2010 and 2011

Type of school	2007	2009	2010	2011
Std I-IV/V: Primary	224	310	195	224
Std I-VII/VIII: Primary + Upper primary	26	22	66	50
Total schools visited	250	332	261	274



Student and teacher attendance

Table 9: Student attendance 2007, 2009, 2010 and 2011

Type of school	2007	2009	2010	2011	2007	2009	2010	2011
	Std I-IV/V				Std I-VII/VIII			
% Enrolled children present (average)	88.6	90.4	90.1	90.7	91.6	89.9	89.4	89.0
% Schools with less than 50% enrolled children present (average)	2.4	1.0	1.6	1.4	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0
% Schools with 75% or more enrolled children present (average)	91.3	91.6	92.8	91.4	95.7	90.5	93.8	88.0

Table 10: Teacher attendance 2007, 2009, 2010 and 2011

Type of school	2007	2009	2010	2011	2007	2009	2010	2011
	Std I-IV/V				Std I-VII/VIII			
% Teachers present (average)	88.5	90.8	89.4	86.6	89.6	85.0	83.7	81.4
% Schools with no teachers present (average)	0.5	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
% Schools with all teachers present (average)	70.3	73.9	70.8	68.8	68.2	61.1	47.5	44.9

Other school information

Table 11: Headteachers 2010 & 2011

% Schools with:	2010	2011	2010	2011
	Std I-IV/V		Std I-VII/VIII	
No Headteacher appointed	0.0	3.1	0.0	0.0
Headteacher appointed but not present at time of visit	3.8	9.9	19.2	9.7
Headteacher appointed & present at time of visit	96.2	87.0	80.9	90.3
Total	100	100	100	100

Table 12: Computers 2010 and 2011

% Schools with:	2010	2011	2010	2011
	Std I-IV/V		Std I-VII/VIII	
No computer	96.3	97.7	84.1	88.0
Computers but no children using them on day of visit	2.1	0.9	7.9	6.0
Computers & children using them on day of visit	1.6	1.4	7.9	6.0
Total	100	100	100	100

Table 13: Multigrade classes 2007, 2009, 2010 and 2011

% Schools with:	2007	2009	2010	2011	2007	2009	2010	2011
	Std I-IV/V				Std I-VII/VIII			
Std II children sitting with one or more other classes	60.8	57.4	58.7	50.7	80.0	54.6	58.1	74.5
Std IV children sitting with one or more other classes	54.6	53.7	54.0	44.8	61.5	40.0	49.2	65.2

School funds and activities (PAISA)

Table 14: % Schools who report receiving SSA grants - Full financial year

SSA school grants	2008-2009			2009-2010			2010-2011					
	No. of Sch.	% Schools		No. of Sch.	% Schools		No. of Sch.	% Schools				
		Yes	No		Don't know	Yes		No	Don't know	Yes	No	Don't know
Maintenance grant	310	90.7	7.1	2.3	245	93.9	2.5	3.7	263	94.3	3.0	2.7
Development grant	296	83.5	15.2	1.4	235	93.6	3.4	3.0	259	92.3	3.9	3.9
TLM grant	317	95.3	3.5	1.3	231	97.4	0.9	1.7	263	98.9	0.0	1.1

Table 15: % Schools who report receiving SSA grants - Half financial year

SSA school grants	April 2009 to October 2009			April 2010 to October 2010			April 2011 to October 2011					
	No. of Sch.	% Schools		No. of Sch.	% Schools		No. of Sch.	% Schools				
		Yes	No		Don't know	Yes		No	Don't know	Yes	No	Don't know
Maintenance grant	278	85.6	11.2	3.2	236	84.3	10.6	5.1	252	84.5	11.9	3.6
Development grant	268	82.1	15.3	2.6	225	85.8	9.8	4.4	247	81.8	14.6	3.6
TLM grant	281	91.5	6.1	2.5	228	88.2	8.8	3.1	249	87.2	11.2	1.6

Table 16: % Schools carrying out different activities since April 2011

Type of Activity		% schools		
		Yes	No	Don't know
Const.	New Classroom	18.3	80.3	1.4
Repairs	Repair of building (roof, floor, wall etc.)	56.3	42.2	1.5
	Repair of doors & windows	47.1	51.4	1.6
	Repair of boundary wall	26.3	72.0	1.7
	Repair of drinking water facility	38.6	60.2	1.2
	Repair of toilet	34.4	64.0	1.6
Painting & White Wash	White wash/plastering	61.0	37.4	1.6
	Painting Blackboard/Display Board/Painting on wall	66.9	31.9	1.2
	Painting of doors & walls	59.5	39.3	1.2
Purchase	Purchase of furniture (cupboard etc.)	50.0	49.2	0.8
	Purchase of electrical fittings	38.8	60.0	1.2
	Purchase of chalk, duster, register etc.	79.8	17.5	2.8
	Purchase of sitting Mats/Tat Patti	32.0	65.6	2.5
	Purchase of charts, globes & other teaching material	72.9	24.4	2.7
Other	Expenditure on school events	53.9	44.1	2.0
	Payment of bills (electricity, water, cleaning etc.)	63.1	34.0	2.9

The PAISA section of ASER tracks receipt and spending of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) grants at the school level. This information is collected from schools visited during the survey. This page reports proportion of schools receiving the grants and carrying out specified activities in the schools. More detailed analysis of the PAISA data will be available in the PAISA 2011 report which will be released in March 2012.¹

EVERY RURAL GOVERNMENT PRIMARY SCHOOL IS ENTITLED TO EACH OF THESE SSA GRANTS EVERY YEAR.

How much goes to each school	For what purposes
SCHOOL DEVELOPMENT GRANT / SCHOOL GRANT	
Rs.5000 per year per primary school	This grant can be used for buying school equipment such as blackboard, sitting mats etc. Also for buying chalk, duster, registers and other office equipment.
Rs.7000 per year per upper primary school	
Rs 5000 + Rs 7000 = Rs 12000 if the school is Std I-VIII/VIII.	The grant amount varies by type of school: whether it is a primary or upper primary school.
Note: Primary and Upper Primary schools are treated as separate schools even if they are in the same premises.	
SCHOOL MAINTENANCE GRANT	
Rs.5000 - Rs 7500 per school per year if the school has upto 3 classrooms.	This grant can be used for maintenance of school building, including whitewashing; beautification; and repair of toilets, hand pump, boundary wall, playground etc.
Rs 7500 - Rs.10000 per year if the school has more than 3 classrooms.	
Primary and Upper Primary schools are treated as separate schools even if they are in the same building.	The grant amount depends on number of classrooms (excluding Headmaster room and office room)
TLM GRANT	
Rs.500 per teacher per year in primary and upper primary schools.	This grant can be used by teachers to buy teaching aids, such as charts, globes, posters, models etc.

¹ For more information see www.accountabilityinitiative.in

Right to Education indicators

Table 17: Schools by total enrollment 2010 and 2011

School enrollment	2010		2011	
	No. of schools	% of schools	No. of schools	% of schools
1-60	125	48.6	160	59.0
61-90	54	21.0	61	22.5
91-120	45	17.5	18	6.6
121-150	14	5.5	21	7.8
151-200	11	4.3	6	2.2
> 200	8	3.1	5	1.9
TOTAL	257	100	271	100

Table 18: RTE norms: Pupil-teacher ratio 2010 and 2011

School enrollment	RTE Teacher Norms	2010	2011
		% Schools that do not meet PTR norms	
1-60	2	32.4	30.2
61-90	3	42.6	32.1
91-120	4	47.6	38.9
121-150	5	61.5	55.0
151-200	5 + HM	20.0	40.0
> 200	see note	57.1	100.0
TOTAL		39.4	34.7

Note : For schools with enrollment above 200 children the PTR shall not exceed 40 excluding the Head Teacher

Table 19: Schools by number of teachers 2010 and 2011

Number of teachers	2010		2011	
	No. of schools	% of schools	No. of schools	% of schools
1	37	16.7	45	18.7
2	80	36.0	98	40.7
3	39	17.6	46	19.1
4	24	10.8	20	8.3
5	17	7.7	18	7.5
6	11	5.0	5	2.1
>=7	14	6.3	9	3.7
TOTAL	222	100	241	100

Table 20: RTE norms: Teacher - classroom ratio 2010 and 2011

RTE norm: At least one classroom per teacher	2010	2011
	% Schools that do not meet classroom to teacher norms	
Number of teachers		
1	0.0	0.0
2	11.3	15.9
3	37.0	29.0
4	30.4	23.5
5	50.0	53.3
6	62.5	100.0
>=7	50.0	71.4
TOTAL	23.4	22.6

Table 21: % Schools meeting selected RTE norms on facilities 2010 & 2011

% of schools with		2010	2011
Building	Office/Store/Office cum store	75.5	76.9
	Playground	76.0	70.0
	Boundary Wall	37.3	42.4
Drinking Water	No facility for drinking water	12.5	11.5
	Facility but no drinking water available	4.3	6.7
	Drinking water available	83.2	81.8
Toilet	No toilet facility	10.8	7.9
	Facility but toilet not useable	33.2	23.6
	Toilet useable	56.0	68.5
Girls Toilet	% Schools with no separate provisions for girls toilets	31.1	12.5
	Of schools with separate girls toilets, % schools where		
	Toilet locked	10.6	2.4
	Toilet not useable	19.6	20.2
TLM	Toilet useable	38.7	64.9
	Teaching learning material in Std 2	91.5	89.8
Library	Teaching learning material in Std 4	87.5	89.0
	No library	19.7	11.4
	Library but no books being used by children on day of visit	39.0	46.1
MDM	Library being used by children on day of visit	41.3	42.4
	Kitchen shed for cooking midday meal	82.0	89.3
	Midday meal served in school on the day of visit	98.0	99.3

Note: School observations for ASER 2011 looked at TLM for Std II and Std IV only.

As part of ASER 2010 and 2011, in each sampled village, one government school with primary sections was visited on the day of the survey. During this school visit, RTE indicators were observed and are reported here.

Extracts from the Schedule of The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act 2009 Norms and standards for a School (Sections 19 and 25)

Number of teachers in Std 1-5:

Admitted children	No. of teachers
<= 60	2
61-90	3
91-120	4
121-200	5
> 150	5 + 1 Headteacher
> 200	Pupil-Teacher Ratio (excluding Headteacher) shall not exceed 40

School facilities:

All weather building with:

- ♦ At least one classroom for every teacher
- ♦ Office cum store cum headteacher's room
- ♦ Separate toilets for boys and girls
- ♦ Safe and adequate drinking water facility to all children
- ♦ A kitchen where mid-day meal is cooked in the school
- ♦ Playground
- ♦ Arrangements for securing the school building by boundary wall or fencing.

Teaching learning equipment

shall be provided to each class as required.

Library

There shall be a library in each school providing newspaper, magazines and books on all subjects, including story-books.

